

mation regarding injury which may result from improper application or handling of pesticides and the methods and precautions designed to prevent such injury.

G. S. 106-65.18. Penalties. Any person violating the provisions of this Act or the regulations issued hereunder shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined or imprisoned or both in the discretion of the court.

G. S. 106-65.19. Enforcement. For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act the Commissioner may enter upon any public or private premises at reasonable times in order to have access for the purpose of inspecting any aircraft or materials subject to this Act.

G. S. 106-65.20. Delegation of Duties. The functions vested in the Commissioner by this Act may be delegated by him to such employees of the Department of Agriculture or other qualified persons as the Commissioner may from time to time designate for such purposes.

G. S. 106-65.21. Cooperation. The Commissioner may cooperate with any other agency of this State or its subdivisions or with any agency of any other state or of the Federal Government for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act and of securing uniformity of regulations.

G. S. 106-65.22. Separability. If any provision of this Act is declared unconstitutional, or the applicability thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, by a court of competent jurisdiction, the constitutionality of the remainder of the Act and the applicability thereof to other persons and circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

Sec. 2. The provisions of this Act shall not apply to pending litigation.

Sec. 3. All laws and clauses of laws in conflict with this Act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This Act shall become effective July 1, 1953.

In the General Assembly read three times and ratified, this the 30th day of April, 1953.

## S. B. 479

## CHAPTER 1334

### AN ACT TO VALIDATE CERTAIN INSTRUMENTS REGISTERED PRIOR TO JANUARY 1, 1934.

*The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:*

Section 1. In all cases where prior to January 1, 1934 instruments by law required or authorized to be registered show the signatures and seal of each of the grantors therein and further show that each of such grantors has appeared before or signed such instruments in the presence of a notary public, justice of the peace or other person duly authorized to take acknowledgments, and such instruments have been ordered registered by the Clerk of the Superior Court or other officer qualified to pass upon probate and admit instruments to registration, and actually put on the books in the office of the register of deeds, as if properly acknowledged, all such instruments and their registrations are hereby validated and made as good and sufficient as though such instruments had been in